

Overview - Vocabulary progression

Autumn 1

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Spanish greetings	¡Hola! (Hello!) Buenos días (Good morning) Buenas tardes (Good afternoon) Buenas noches (Goodnight)	—	—	—
Dates in Spanish	—	cuándo (when) mí (my) tu (your) cumpleaños (birthday)	—	—
Describing family and friends in Spanish	—	—	quién (who) se llama (he/she is called) tiene (he/she has) vive en (he/she lives in)	—
Clothes in Spanish	—	—	—	unos/unas (some) porque (because)

	<p>Adiós (Goodbye)</p> <p>¿Cómo te llamas? (What's your name?)</p> <p>Me llamo (My name is ...)</p> <p>¿Qué tal? (How are you?)</p> <p>muy (very)</p> <p>bien (good)</p> <p>mal (bad)</p> <p>fantástico (fantastic)</p> <p>¿Y tú? (And you?)</p> <p>Sí (Yes)</p> <p>No (No)</p>	<p>el/la (the)</p> <p>de (of)</p> <p>¿Qué mes es? (What month is it?)</p> <p>Es...? (Is it ...?)</p> <p>Si/No (Yes/No)</p> <p>¿Cuál es la fecha? (What is the date?)</p> <p>Mi cumpleaños es el 4 de diciembre. (My birthday is the 4th of December)</p> <p>Cuándo es el día de San ...? (When is St... 's day?)</p> <p>Cumplo... años. (I am turning ... years old)</p> <p>... (Numbers 13-31)</p> <p>... (Months of the year)</p>	<p>le gusta (he/she likes)</p> <p>él (he)</p> <p>ella (she)</p> <p>elle (they (a gender neutral pronoun used by some Spanish speakers))</p> <p>pintar (to pain)</p> <p>dormir (to sleep)</p> <p>lavar los platos (to wash the dishes)</p> <p>limpiar (to clean)</p> <p>cocinar (to cook)</p> <p>leer libros (to read books)</p> <p>escribir (to write)</p> <p>¿Quién es? (Who is it?)</p> <p>Este/a es mi... (This is my ...)</p> <p>Es el padre de mi madre. (It's my mother's father)</p> <p>¿Tienes hermanos? (Do you have any brothers or sisters?)</p> <p>Soy hijo/a único/a. (I'm an only child)</p> <p>... (Names of different family members)</p>	<p>deportivo (sports)</p> <p>cómodo (comfortable)</p> <p>suelto (loose/baggy)</p> <p>bonito (pretty)</p> <p>elegante (elegant/stylish/smart)</p> <p>impermeable (waterproof)</p> <p>formal (formal)</p> <p>tradicional (traditional)</p> <p>¿Qué lleva? (What is he/she wearing?)</p> <p>... (Items of clothing)</p>
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Autumn 2

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Spanish numbers and ages	cuántos (how many) años (years) tengo / tienes (I have/you have) más (more/add)	—	—	—
Pets in Spanish	—	pequeño/a (small) grande (big) lento/a (slow) rápido/a (fast)	—	—
Spanish portraits	—	—	los ojos (eyes) el pelo (hair) calvo (bald) castaño (brown/chestnut)	—
School life in Spanish	—	—	—	encantar (to love) ser (to be) son (they are)

<p>menos (less/minus)</p> <p>¿Cuántos años tienes? (How old are you?)</p> <p>Tengo...años. (I am ... years old)</p> <p>uno (one)</p> <p>dos (two)</p> <p>tres (three)</p> <p>cuatro (four)</p> <p>cinco (five)</p> <p>seis (six)</p> <p>siete (seven)</p> <p>ocho (eight)</p> <p>nueve (nine)</p> <p>diez (ten)</p> <p>once (eleven)</p> <p>doce (twelve)</p>	<p>travieso/a (naughty)</p> <p>obediente (obedient)</p> <p>mono/a (cute)</p> <p>feroz (fierce)</p> <p>tranquilo/a (calm)</p> <p>energético/a (energetic)</p> <p>amistoso/a (friendly)</p> <p>tímido/a (shy)</p> <p>¿Tienes una mascota? (Do you have a pet?)</p> <p>Tengo un/una ...d (I have a ...)</p> <p>... (Names of animals)</p>	<p>rubio (blond)</p> <p>corto (short)</p> <p>largo (long)</p> <p>liso (straight)</p> <p>ondulado (wavy)</p> <p>rizado (curly)</p> <p>Lleva gafas (She/he wears glasses)</p> <p>... (Names of different facial features)</p>	<p>¿Por qué? (Why?)</p> <p>divertido (fun)</p> <p>aburrido (boring)</p> <p>lógico (logical)</p> <p>interesante (interesting)</p> <p>útil (useful)</p> <p>inútil (useless)</p> <p>fácil (easy)</p> <p>difícil (difficult)</p> <p>... (Names of school subjects)</p>
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Spring 1

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Shapes and colours in Spanish	¿Qué es esto? (What is this?) Es un ... (It is a ...) ¿De qué color es? (What colour is it?) y (and)	—	—	—
Weather in Spain	—	el tiempo (the weather) hoy (today) está/hace (it is) el norte (the north)	—	—
Sports in Spanish	—	—	deporte (sport) juego al/a la (I play) juegas al/a la (you play) juega al/a la (he/she plays)	—
Household tasks in Spanish	—	—	—	bastante (quite) completamente (completely) demasiado (too)

	<p>amarillo (yellow)</p> <p>azul (blue)</p> <p>blanco (white)</p> <p>naranja (orange)</p> <p>negro (black)</p> <p>rojo (red)</p> <p>verde (green)</p> <p>violeta (purple)</p>	<p>... (Names of different types of weather)</p> <p>el sur (the south)</p> <p>el este (the east)</p> <p>el oeste (the west)</p> <p>¿Qué tiempo hace hoy? (What's the weather like today?)</p>	<p>hago (I do)</p> <p>haces (you do)</p> <p>hace (he/she does)</p> <p>anotar (to score)</p> <p>animar (to encourage)</p> <p>atrapar (to catch)</p> <p>botar (to bounce)</p> <p>cabecear (to head)</p> <p>golpear (to hit)</p> <p>meter (to get (in))</p> <p>patear (to kick)</p> <p>rodar (to roll)</p> <p>¿Juegas al/a la...? (do you play...?)</p> <p>¿Haces ...? (do you do...?)</p> <p>... (Names of different sports)</p>	<p>ágil (agile)</p> <p>caliente (hot)</p> <p>desagradable (unpleasant)</p> <p>peligroso (dangerous)</p> <p>práctico (practical)</p> <p>ruidoso (noisy)</p> <p>... (Jobs around the house)</p>
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Spring 2

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Classroom objects in Spanish	no tengo (I do not have) una (Indefinite article 'a' for feminine nouns)	—	—	—
In a Spanish café	—	quiero (I want) quieres (you want) beber (to drink) comer (to eat)	—	—
Spanish food and drink	—	—	Me gusta(n) (I like it/them) No me gusta(n) (I don't like it/them)	—
Shopping in Spain	—	—	—	¿Dónde está la panadería? (Where is the bakery?) Está aquí (It's here)

	<p>pero (but)</p> <p>en mi mochila (in my rucksack)</p> <p>¡Escuchad! (Listen!)</p> <p>¡Mirad! (Look!)</p> <p>¡Hablad! (Speak!)</p> <p>¡Leed! (Read!)</p> <p>¡Escribid! (Write!)</p> <p>¡Repetid! (Repeat!)</p> <p>¡Sentaos! (Sit down!)</p> <p>¡Levantaos! (Stand up!)</p> <p>¿Qué tienes...? (What do you have?)</p> <p>... (Classroom objects)</p>	<p>para (for/in order to)</p> <p>por favor (please)</p> <p>gracias (thank you)</p> <p>con (with)</p> <p>¿Qué quieres beber/comer? (What do you want to drink/eat?)</p> <p>Quiero ... (I want ...)</p> <p>¿Y para comer? (And to eat?)</p> <p>Aquí tienes. (Here you are)</p> <p>primer plato (first course)</p> <p>segundo plato (second course)</p> <p>¡Qué aproveche! (Enjoy your meal!)</p> <p>... (Names of café food and drink)</p>	<p>Me gusta(n) mucho. (I like it/them a lot)</p> <p>¿Te gusta(n) ...? (Do you like it/them?)</p> <p>Le gusta(n) (He/she/it likes it/them.)</p> <p>¿A quien le gusta(n)? (Who likes it/them?)</p> <p>A John. (John does)</p> <p>¿Qué me recomiendas? (What do you recommend?)</p> <p>Te recomiendo... (I recommend)</p> <p>¿Qué te gusta(n) más ... o...? (What do you like more: ... or ...?)</p> <p>¿Qué tipo de ... ? (What type of ...?)</p> <p>... (Names of different food and drink)</p>	<p>Está al lado de la carnicería. (It's next to the butcher.)</p> <p>aquí (here)</p> <p>al lado de (next to)</p> <p>entre (between)</p> <p>¿Cuánto/a/os/as quieres? (How much/many do you want?)</p> <p>¿Algo más? (Anything else?)</p> <p>Un kilo de... (A kilo of ...)</p> <p>¿Cuánto es? (How much is it?)</p> <p>... (Multiples of 10)</p> <p>... (Numbers 31-100)</p>
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Summer 1

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Where do you live in Spain?	dónde (Where) vivo (I live) vives (You live)	—	—	—
Spanish celebrations	—	me gusta (I like) no me gusta (I don't like) me gusta mucho (I like a lot) bailar (to dance)	—	—
A trip across Spain	—	—	el noreste (the northeast) el sureste (the southeast) el noroeste (the northwest) el suroeste (the southwest)	—
Free time in Spain	—	—	—	¿Qué haces en...? (What do you do in ...?)

	<p>¿Dónde vives? (Where do you live?)</p> <p>Vivo en (I live in)</p> <p>España (Spain)</p> <p>... (Names of places to live)</p>	<p>cantar (to sing)</p> <p>comer (to eat)</p> <p>correr (to run)</p> <p>dibujar (to draw)</p> <p>escuchar música (to listen to music)</p> <p>hacer (to do)</p> <p>jugar (to play)</p> <p>lanzar (to throw)</p> <p>recibir (to receive)</p> <p>tocar la guitarra (to play the guitar)</p> <p>ver (to see/watch)</p> <p>salir (to go out)</p> <p>¿Te gusta ...? (Do you like ...?)</p>	<p>cerca de (near)</p> <p>descansar (to relax)</p> <p>pasear por (to stroll along or around)</p> <p>subir (to go up)</p> <p>ir (to go)</p> <p>nadar (to swim)</p> <p>visitar (to visit)</p> <p>también (also)</p> <p>voy a + infinitive (I am going to + infinitive)</p>	<p>invierno (winter)</p> <p>primavera (spring)</p> <p>verano (summer)</p> <p>otoño (autumn)</p> <p>yo (I)</p> <p>nosotros (we)</p> <p>vosotros (you (plural))</p> <p>ellos/ellas (they)</p> <p>normalmente (normally)</p> <p>siempre (always)</p>
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Summer 2

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Journey around Latin America	voy (I go/I am going) vas (you go/you are going) a (to)	—	—	—
The Amazon rainforest	—	hay (there is/are) un poco (a little bit) soy (I am)	—	—
Saving South America	—	—	antes (before) hoy en día (nowadays) que (than) apagar (to switch off)	—
Maya city treasure hunt	—	—	—	la primera (the first) la segunda (the second) la tercera (the third) a la izquierda (to the left)

	<p>¿Adónde vas? (Where are you going?)</p> <p>¿Cómo vas? (How are you going?)</p> <p>Voy en/a (I'm going by ...)</p> <p>lunes (Monday)</p> <p>martes (Tuesday)</p> <p>miércoles (Wednesday)</p> <p>jueves (Thursday)</p> <p>viernes (Friday)</p> <p>sábado (Saturday)</p> <p>domingo (Sunday)</p> <p>... (Names of Spanish speaking regions and countries)</p>	<p>la selva tropical (the rainforest)</p> <p>... (Names of rainforest animals.)</p> <p>... (Animal body parts.)</p>	<p>caminar (to walk)</p> <p>limpiar (to clean)</p> <p>plantar (to plant)</p> <p>reciclar (to recycle)</p> <p>reutilizar (to reuse)</p> <p>tirar (to throw away)</p> <p>usar (to use)</p> <p>Hay más/menos + [noun] que antes. (There is/are more + [noun] than before)</p>	<p>a la derecha (to the right)</p> <p>gira (turn)</p> <p>toma (take)</p> <p>sigue todo recto (continue straight on)</p> <p>¿Qué hay allí? (What is there?)</p> <p>allí está ... (there is)</p> <p>un área (an area)</p> <p>un sitio (a place)</p> <p>desde (from)</p>
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